COCA Standard 6

6.6-2 Provide a curriculum map demonstrating how the content of these courses is delivered. Osteopathic Principles and Practice and OMM

Osteopathic Principles	OMS 1 Pre-Clinical	OMS 2 Pre-Clinical	OMS 3 Clinical	OMS 4 Clinical
and Practice and OMM				
Osteopathic	Delivered in preclinical	Delivered in preclinical	Required 3rd Year OMM	4 th year didactic and OSCE
Philosophy/Osteopathic	didactic and hands-on	didactic and hands-on	Rotation	requirement and rotation
Manipulative Medicine	instruction in:	instruction in:		assessments
	ISOM	ASOM	ISSM 5	
	FOM 1	FOM 5	Conference Weeks	ISSM 6
	FOM 2	FOM 6		
	FOM 3	FOM 7	Instructional Methods:	Instructional Methods:
	FOM 4	FOM 8	This core competency was	This core competency was
			delivered via Rotation	delivered via Rotation
	Instructional Methods:	Instructional Methods:	experiences, pre-recorded	experiences, pre-recorded
	This core competency was	This core competency was	videos, online modules, and	videos, online modules, and
	delivered via In-person and	delivered via In-person and	Didactic/Conference week	Didactic/Conference week
	pre-recorded lectures, small	pre-recorded lectures, small	learning activities.	learning activities.
	group sessions and hands-on	group sessions and hands-		
	lab sessions.	on lab sessions.	Assessment:	Assessment:
			This core competency was	This core competency was
	Assessment:	Assessment:	assessed through Preceptor	assessed through Preceptor
	This core competency was	This core competency was	Evaluation, CPE/OSCE,	Evaluation, CPE/OSCE,
	assessed through	assessed through	COMAT and COMLEX exams	COMAT and COMLEX exams
	competencies, didactic	competencies, didactic		
	exams, practical, and	exams, practical, and		
	COMLEX exams	COMLEX exams	Students now apply OPP and	Students continue to
			OMM to actual patients in a	approach and treat their
	Students receive training in		live clinical setting.	patients as distinctive
	the distinctive osteopathic	Students continue to receive	Preceptors are expected to	osteopathic students
	philosophy, osteopathic	training in the distinctive	emphasize the four	utilizing the 4 tenets, 5

principles, and practice (OPP)	osteopathic philosophy,	osteopathic tenets and the 5	models of osteopathic care,
and osteopathic	osteopathic principles, and	models of osteopathic care in	and their diagnostic and
manipulative medicine	practice (OPP) and	each patient encounter. The	therapeutic hands-on skills.
(OMM) including the four	osteopathic manipulative	students' medical knowledge	Students must identify a
osteopathic tenets and the 5	medicine (OMM) including	is evaluated by the preceptor	minimum of 10 patients for
model of osteopathic care.	the four osteopathic tenets	including generating an	whom OMT is appropriate
Principle lectures and lab	and the 5 model of	appropriate differential	and perform a pertinent
sessions emphasize the	osteopathic care which are	diagnosis, formulating an	structural assessment and
anatomy and physiology of	emphasized in the	appropriate assessment, and	OMT with attending
the body, differential	"Approach to the Systems"	providing a rational	supervision and be an active
diagnoses and different	series and the integrated	treatment. Students are	member in every aspect of
modalities that address	learning sessions (ILS) within	expected to perform	the patient's care from
various forms of somatic	each system. The students'	procedures, including OMT,	diagnosis to treatment as
dysfunction. The students	medical knowledge is	pertinent to that rotation site	well as appropriate follow
hone their diagnostic and	expounded as the students	competently.	up care. Students are
therapeutic procedural	learn how to address		expected to perform
hands-on skills (OMT) to	pathology within each		procedures, including OMT,
provide accurate diagnosis	system with the distinctive		pertinent to that rotation
and treatment of	osteopathic approach,		site competently and
musculoskeletal complaints.	formulate differential		accurately log their
Students also recognize	diagnoses and generate the		procedures into the T-res
indications and	most appropriate		system.
contraindications for the	assessment and treatment		
osteopathic modalities	plan. The students continue		
covered in the first year.	to hone their diagnostic and		
	therapeutic hands-on skills		
	(OMT) to provide accurate		
	diagnosis and treatment of		
	musculoskeletal and		
	systemic complaints.		
osteopathic modalities	plan. The students continue to hone their diagnostic and therapeutic hands-on skills (OMT) to provide accurate diagnosis and treatment of musculoskeletal and		

Description of Osteopathic Principles and Practices Curriculum Years 1-4

<u>OMS-1</u>

The first year of osteopathic medical school includes the fundamentals of: perception and palpation, spinal biomechanics, somatic dysfunction, diagnosis for the axial spine (cervical, thoracic, lumbar, iliosacral region and sacroiliac region) and the costal cage, principles of and an introduction to the following osteopathic modalities as they are applied to those regions; soft tissue, articulatory, muscle energy, high velocity low amplitude (HVLA), myofascial release (MFR), counterstrain and lymphatic techniques. The physiology and neuroscience underlying somatic dysfunction and osteopathic research are also discussed. With respect to "observational" curriculum, the students are required to watch demonstrations from the stage, participate in guided experience and/or view required videos prior to attending labs. The students then practice and perform the skill while observed by faculty, Fellows and Teaching Assistants (TAs) for feedback and mastery. Students receive hands-on instruction from the instructors in a 1:8 faculty to student ratio as recommended by the ECOP's national standards via hand-over-hand guidance from the instructor and/ or the instructor performing the procedure to the student or the student's partner so that the nuances can be understood and replicated. Student resources include videos of the structural exams and all techniques, the NMM/OMM Technique Manual, NMM/OMM Department Textbook and Foundations of Osteopathic Medicine, 4th edition. The students' psychomotor skills are generally assessed via 4 practical exams throughout the year (2 per semester) and several competencies, while the didactic component is assessed via cognitive exams. (234 wordcount)

<u>OMS-2</u>

In the second year of OPP curriculum, the students are introduced to: new techniques that require finer palpatory skill, the importance of the musculoskeletal system as a gateway to the viscera, integrated learning sessions where the distinctive osteopathic approach to patient care is emphasized, diagnosis and treatment of the extremities and focused integrative osteopathic exams. The students are introduced to Facilitated Positional Release (FPR), visceral techniques, balanced ligamentous tension (BLT), Osteopathic Cranial Manipulative Medicine (OCMM) and Still technique as per the ECOP national standards while continuing to reinforce their foundational skillset essential for both COMLEX and clinical experience preparation. With respect to "observational" curriculum, the students are required to watch demonstrations from the stage, participate in guided experience and/or view required videos prior to attending labs. The students then practice and perform the skill while observed by faculty and Fellows for feedback and mastery. Students receive hands-on instruction from the instructors in a 1:8 faculty to student ratio as recommended by the ECOP's national standards via hand-over-hand guidance from the instructor and/ or the instructor performing the procedure to the student or the student's partner so that the nuances can be understood and replicated. The students are also provided with videos of the structural exams and all techniques for solidification of the information. Students are expected to engage in self -directed learning and critical

thought application by active preparation for, participation in and reflection of the integrated learning sessions (ILS). Preparation and includes completing assigned readings while participation and reflection are typically accomplished with small group work resulting in case presentation, differential diagnosis formulation, and demonstration and discussion of appropriate techniques and treatment plan. The students' psychomotor skills are generally assessed via 4 practical exams throughout the year (2 per semester) and several competencies, while the didactic component is assessed via cognitive exams. (266 wordcount)

OMS-3

OMM Clinical Rotation (required)

Third Year Broad Overview:

COMP and COMP-Northwest have a required Core OPP Rotation. Students are expected to take the skills that they have honed in the first and second year; knowledge and appropriate application of the following modalities; soft tissue, articulatory, muscle energy, counterstrain, HVLA, MFR, lymphatic, FPR, Still, OCMM, visceral, and BLT, diagnosis of musculoskeletal dysfunction of the body and visceral complaints and osteopathic philosophy, principles and practice and apply them to actual patients in true clinical situations under the guidance of a preceptor. Due to COVID-19, an overlay rotation was developed that consists of several modules, modular quizzes and literature searches. It is now part of the Core OPP Rotation. The overlay has helped to standardize the core OPP rotation from a didactic perspective and may assist the students with preparation for the COMAT. Assessment of the student performance includes passing the modular quizzes, performing three literature searches, generating a final power point presentation on a patient cared for during the course of the core rotation, preceptor's evaluation of student's interaction with patients and medical team and skillset, and COMAT score. With respect to "observational" curriculum, the students are required to add to their foundational knowledge by observing their preceptor's interactions with patients, the diagnosis and treatment of patients, and accurate medical record documentation. The preceptor continues to participate in the students' hands-on learning by providing guidance and hand-over-hand experience to ensure that the student is optimally performing the diagnostic and therapeutic skillset.

OMS-4

Students have received a strong foundation in OPP and are expected to apply this foundation at every rotation site.

4th year students return to campus for Residency Boot Camp, a week focused on ensuring readiness for GME. Under the observation of D.O. faculty, students perform an assessment, including a structural exam, and appropriate OMT to their partner. Additionally, students are asked to accomplish 10 assessments and applications of OMT while on clinical rotations. They may be spread out over several rotations or done all in one rotation. This should be recorded on their procedure log.